

Victoria Daily Times.

VOL.

VICTORIA B. C., SATURDAY, MAY 1, 1896.

No. 61

CHALLONER, MITCHELL & CO.
The Leading Jewellers.

For Everything Nice and New in Jewellery
and at the Lowest Price
Call at

47 and 49 GOVERNMENT STREET.



A pin is a little thing,
but if it is the biggest
LITTLE THING we
know of.

A poor cheap pin has
condensed in it an
amazing power for evil.

Positano Pins are the
BEST in the world.

PERFECT MAN LAUGHS AT WOMAN

When he sees her struggling to get this
summer's dress sleeves into last season's
coat, and is apt to chide her for her lack
of patience; but did you ever see a more
pitiable object than a self-possest man
trying to button a collar to an ill-fitting shirt?
First he's mad, next he feels like crying;
then, tip gives the cuff. At this point you begin
removing the furniture from the room—if you've
seen him in one of these tantrums before.
To avoid all this worry, loss of time and
loss of temper, just place a tray of these beautiful tapered, needle-
pointed "Puritan" within easy reach; and
with a serene and happy expression he
will fix one through collar, band and button and
all discord will be at an end.
Every paper contains 300 pins and
are sold at 10c per paper at

May 8th, 1896.
THE WESTSIDE.

J. Hutcheson & Co.

HALL, GOEPPEL & CO.,
100 Government Street.

Fire Agency

Marine Agency

Life and Accident

Railway Agents

Steamship Agents

Coal Office

The Liverpool & London & Globe Insur-
Co. Losses settled without reference to
Head or other branch office.

The Fireman's Fund Insurance Company.

Lloyd's Underwriters, London.

The Traveler's Insurance Company.

The Union Pacific Railway Co.

Atlantic Steamship Lines. Berths reserv-
ed by us. Orders from Europe issued
at lowest rates.

THE WELLINGTON COAL YARD:

Best Wellington Household, Nat. and
Gas Coal. Short time delivery. Commodity
on hand, delivered in quantities to suit.

You Will Find That

THE BEST FISH
SWIM NEAR THE BOTTOM.

The low-priced articles are oftentimes
overlooked.

DROP A LINE . . .
INTO OUR SEA OF BARGAINS.

It doesn't need to be a long one, for a
short line will reach the bottom price;
if you're casting for big values, bait
your hook and come to us.

American Groats, 10c. package.
Pettyjohn's Breakfast Gem, 2 for 25c.
American Oat Meal, 10lbs for 30c.
Pyle's Peartire, large packages, 2 for 25c.
Boston Baked Beans and Fresh Eastern
Oysters.

DIXI H. ROSS & CO.

Geo. W. Haynes

HAS REMOVED HIS OFFICE TO

No. 9 Trounce Ave.,

When he will be pleased to see any of
his old friends. If you want to buy or
sell property, rent a house, get a tenant,
or negotiate loans, just give him a call,

REMOVAL NOTICE.

Archer Martin,

Barrister-at-Law.

Has removed to 43½ Govt St., Redfern Block.

Vancouver Island Building Society

The 5th drawing for an appropriation in
the above society will be held in Sir Wil-
liam MacKenzie's Room, Royal Bank Building,
on Friday the 15th of May, 1896 at 8 p.m.
See that your shares are not in arrears
By Order
B. WILLIAMS
Secretary.

Reports on Mines

We are in a position to give clients the
follows for the present opportunities:
Report on the value of a prospect,
including map and abstract of title \$50.00
Report on the value of a developed
mine, including maps and abstract of title 100.00
Special report on the value of the
stock of any incorporated company in Trail Creek 25.00
General information free to clients.

FOR SALE.
Iron Mask, Virginia, Gertrude, War
Eagle, Albion Consolidated, Silver
St. Thomas, Evening Star, Nest Egg,
Pemberton Hill—Ore.

SPECIAL Notice—O. K., Monte Christo
and Poorman in large or small parcels.
For all particulars, information and
maps, call upon.

H. CUTHBERT & CO.
Stock Brokers.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

STRONG BOY WANTED—71 1-2 Fort St.

PLASTER—\$3.50 a barrel. A. Bluth, 183
Johnson street.

GIRL-WANTED at 56 Rock Bay avenue,

MELLOR paints bicycles.

THE "HOWE SPECIAL" named by Jos
Davies was won by No. 88.

BICYCLES enameled at Mellor's, 76, 78
Fort street.

PAINT your buggy for \$1 with Mellor's
carriage paints.

BICYCLING SUITS \$7.50 to order. Cricket-
ing and Boating Pants, \$2.50. Business
Suits any style, good quality, all wool
material, \$10, \$12, \$15. Stylish Suits
Tweed, \$15, \$18, \$20. English Grey
Worsted, \$20 to \$30. Buy direct from the
manufacturers and manufacturers—no
middlemen profits. The Bros. Grant,
next door to Post Office, English
and American Tailors.

HOUSEKEEPING ROOMS TO LET—at
Fort street.

WHEELMEN'S LUNCH always ready at
Cafe House, Clover Point.

THE BEST HOUSEHOLD WELLINGTON
COAL at lowest market prices. Full
weight guaranteed. Only white labor
employed. Munn, Holland & Co., Broad
street, opposite Driant. Yard at foot of
Johnson street.

BARGAINS in mining shapes: 800 Poorman,
250 Evening Star, 500 O. K., 500 Josses.
Open to night 10 to 11:30 p.m. Herbert
Cuthbert & Co., stock brokers.

OLD GOLD AND SILVER BOUGHT for
cash at Davidson Bros., 59 Government
street.

MELLOR'S bath tub enamel for baths
Mellor's carriage paint for buggies or bicycles.

SHINGLES FOR SALE—Munn, Holland &
Co., Broad street, opposite the Driant.

MELLOR'S pure mixed paint, \$1.50 per im-
perial gallon.

Notice.

Notice is hereby given that it is my intention to apply to the Board of Licensers for a license for the city of Victoria for its next sitting for a transfer to Patrick Burke of the license now held by me to sell spirituous and fermented liquors on the premises known as the "Be Hive" saloon, situated on the northeast corner of Fort and Broad streets in the city of Victoria, B. C.—9-1m.

WILLIAM CROFT.

Patronize Home Industry.

Buy British Columbia Creamery Butter.

The best in the market. Try it and be
convinced. Each block marked M. & E. A
full stock always on hand at

IDEAL PROVISION STORE.

99 Yates Street — D. R. Pottenger, Mgr.

AUCTION

148 Compton St., above Blanchard.

ON TUESDAY, MAY 12th, at 2 P.M.

Parlor, Dining Room, Bedroom and
Kitchen Furniture.

W. T. HARDAKER,
Auctioneer.

mid-21.

A.O.U.W. HALL

TO-NIGHT.

Prof. W. G. Alexander

WILL LECTURE ON

"The Discovery, History and Practical Utility
of Phonetics."

Public Examination at the close.

ADMISSION — — — — 10c.

Monday night: "How to Read Character."
Admission, 15cts.

PRIVATE EXAMINATIONS

Each day from 10 a.m. at the hall. 10s

A. P. A. ANNUAL CONVENTION

That to be Held Next Tuesday Will be
Very Important.

Washington, D.C., May 9.—The annual convention of the supreme council of the American Protective Association which will be called in this city May 12th, will be most important to the organization of any meeting since its inception. Two questions are to be passed upon: The policy of the A. P. A. in the coming presidential campaign and the project of establishing permanent headquarters, at Washington, to lobby legislation. Warm partisans for and against McKinley are on board, and the dispute of this question is inevitable.

HOHENLOHE STILL ON TOP.

Denial of the Report that the Chancellor Had Resigned.

Berlin, May 9.—There is absolutely no truth in the report circulated in the United States that Prince Hohenlohe, Imperial chancellor, had resigned. He is going on a private visit to Schillingsfürst to-morrow, and will remain there a couple of days.

Director Dawson of the geological survey has completed the programme of field work for his staff during the coming summer. Mr. McConnell leaves next week to examine part of the Saskatchewan silver vein, Edmonton in con-

DOMINION AUTHORITY

In Regulating Liquor Traffic De-
bated by the Lords of the
Privy Council.

**Provincial Legislatures Have Power
Where no Dominion Statute
Conflicts.**

**But Cannot Prohibit Importa-
tion—Otherwise Dominion Has
Full Power.**

Ottawa, May 9.—The Dominion government received today a cable stating that judgment was given by the judicial committee of the privy council in the prohibition case, which was first referred to the supreme court by the Dominion and Ontario governments, and afterwards carried to the judicial committee. The judgment is, in effect, that the provinces have legislative authority to prohibit a sale of liquor for local purposes, where the Canada temperance act is not in force and where there is no conflicting Dominion legislation. The provinces have also power to prohibit the manufacture of liquor, for merely local purposes, where there is no conflicting Dominion legislation, but the provinces have no authority to prohibit importation. Except in the cases above-stated the whole jurisdiction lies with the Dominion.

London, May 9.—Judgment has been rendered by the Imperial privy council on the Canadian prohibition case. Their Lordships answered the questions separately. They are of the opinion that the Ontario legislature had jurisdiction to enact section 18, subject to certain necessary qualifications. Its provisions are, or will become, inoperative in any district of the province which has already adopted or may adopt the second part of the Canada Temperance Act of 1896. The order of the supreme court of Canada is discharged without costs. The judgment covers 21 printed pages and is of a highly technical character. It was read by Lord Watson, and deals chiefly with the seventh question submitted by the Governor-General which, after an exhaustive review of the Canadian laws for the restriction of the liquor traffic, it answers in the affirmative. It is their lordships' opinion that the enactment of the Imperial act of 1897 would indicate that the exercise of legislative power by the parliament of Canada is strictly confined to matters unquestionably Canadian in interest and importance. Any other construction, they add, is not only contrary to the intention of the act, but would practically destroy autonomy of the provinces, if was once conceded that parliament had authority to make laws applicable to the whole Dominion in relation to matters which, in each province, are of local interest. Upon the assumption that they also concern the peace, order and good government of the Dominion, they are hardly subject to be enumerated in section 92. Their lordships are likewise of opinion that section 92 does not give to the provincial legislatures the right to make laws for the abolition of the liquor traffic. It assigns to them the saloon, tavern and other licenses, and the imposition of reasonable conditions upon licenses in return for their legislation, but it cannot be construed as authorizing the abolition of sources of revenue. The parliament of Canada has not the power to pass a prohibitory law for the province of Ontario. Therefore it has no authority to repeal an act whose operation is limited to the province. In 1886, however, the express-repeal of the Canada temperance act of 1896 in the case of liquor prohibition adopted by any municipality of the province of Ontario, under sanction of the provincial legislature, does not appear to be within the authority of the Dominion parliament.

Questions 1, 2, 5 and 6 are sufficiently answered to the opinion of their ardor on question seven. In answer to question three their lordships express the opinion that the provincial legislature would have jurisdiction if it is shown that the manufacture is carried on under such circumstances as made prohibition fairly a local matter in the province. Their lordships answer question four in the negative. Ottawa, May 9.—It is announced that the Royal Geographical Society has awarded to A. P. Low what is known as the Gill Memorial, and J. B. Tyrrell the Bach grant. Both are members of the geological survey staff. The revenue of the Dominion exceeded the expenditure last month by a quarter of a million dollars. The surplus to April 30 is nearly five millions. A militia general order issued to-day states that four days' pay will be allowed to all officers and men who have already performed twelve days' drill for the year ending June 30. The order applies to field batteries which have not yet performed their annual drill for the current fiscal year. City corps will be allowed until June 30 in which to complete or to perform twelve days' training. Authorized field batteries which have already put in eight days' training in camp will be permitted to complete twelve days' training on the same basis as city corps.

Berlin, May 9.—The Deutsch Aschaffenburg bank to-day handed to the agent of the government of Japan the sum of 150,000 marks as a part of the Chinese war indemnity. Director Dawson of the geological survey has completed the programme of field work for his staff during the coming summer. Mr. McConnell leaves next week to examine part of the Saskatchewan silver vein, Edmonton in con-

nection with the prospective sites for the second experimental oil boring station. After that he goes to West Keoenay district. Mr. McEvoy will spend a portion of the summer in West Keoenay and another portion in the Shuswap district. A. P. Low will go by the way of Hudson Bay to further explore part of the Labrador peninsula. Dr. Bell, assistant director, will also spend a portion of the summer in the vicinity of Hudson Bay.

IT RAINED VERY HARD

But It Was a Deluge of Hail on
the Inside of the Tin Roof of
Winnipeg's Bank.

Not the Rain From Heaven, That
Drowned Premier Tupper's
Voice Last Night.

His Speech Was Characteristically
Audacious, Presumptuous
and Promising.

Winnipeg, May 9.—The first gun in the Dominion campaign was fired last night by Sir Charles Tupper in a mass meeting in the rink here, which was largely attended. Although everything possible was done in working up the details to make the meeting a success, a fair estimate, corroborated on all sides, was that not more than one-fourth of the meeting, and there were about 2,500 present, were favorable to the government cause. There was but little enthusiasm, and the feeble cheers at Premier Tupper's declarations in favor of restoring separate schools were drowned in a storm of hisses and groans. For a time he was unable to proceed, and the band which had been engaged by the executive, at a sign from one of the leaders, struck up a tune till quiet was restored.

On the whole, however, the meeting was most orderly as the Liberals and others opposed to the government's policies were decidedly opposed to any hostile demonstration either at the reception or public meeting, thinking it best to allow all the rope desired. The meeting last night settled once for all any hopes which the Conservatives may have had of electing Hugh John Macdonald in Winnipeg. Hundreds of Conservatives had been holding off to see what Hugh John would say on the school question, and as both he and Tupper announced themselves squarely in favor of restoring

TRANSVAAL RAIDERS

Defended by the Colonial Secretary
but Allowing Their Actions
Were Wrong.

Mr. Labouchere Makes a Violent
Attack on the South Africa
Chartered Company.

London, May 9.—Mr. Chamberlain, in reply to Sir William Vernon Harcourt's question yesterday, said that Cecil Rhodes' recent actions were universally condemned, but they must not forget his past services. But for Englishmen like Cecil Rhodes, English history would be much poorer and the British dominions would be much smaller. (Applause.) Both the English and the Afrikaners of the Cape, confounding the secretary of state for the Colonies, thought Cecil Rhodes the greatest benefactor the colony ever had. He was powerless in future to do mischief, as not an armed man could be moved without the authority of the government's own officers, and they were ready to give President Kruger any reasonable guarantee. With the view of removing any shadow of suspicion, the government had refused to advise the Chartered Company relative to Mr. Rhodes' resignation. But, in view of the disturbances in Rhodesia and the impossibility of finding out the opinion of the settlers, they thought it fair that the directors should be given time to consider the matter. They thought that Mr. Rhodes was in his proper place in South Africa, whether as a director or as a shareholder. After the judicial proceedings were ended, the government would review the situation in the light of the information obtained. Mr. Chamberlain further said that the government believed the proper course to follow would be that a joint committee of both houses should inquire into the whole situation, including the administration of the British Chartered South Africa Company. The policy of the government, he explained, was to prevent absolutely the recurrence of the regrettable proceedings, to continue by every legitimate means the efforts to secure a fair and equal treatment for British subjects in the Transvaal and to restore amity between the two races there.

Mr. Labouchere, Radical member for Northampton, who followed Mr. Chamberlain, made a violent attack on the British Chartered South African Company. He was inclined to believe, he said, that if Mr. Chamberlain had been given a free hand they would not have heard much more of Mr. Rhodes and his company. The entire press he went on, had conspired to blot at the red-truth. The outcome of the situation was that they had a gang of gamblers and financiers headed by Cecil Rhodes, who wished to rob the public. Mr. Labouchere charged Cecil Rhodes with trying to conceal his complicity with the invasion of the Transvaal and with using his position to advance his personal and social interests. With incredible infamy, said the editor of *Truth*, he allowed his instrument, Mr. Jameson, to be tried, when he himself was responsible. Every one of his directors in the Chartered South Africa Co., Mr. Labouchere concluded, with intensified bitterness, was guilty of culpable negligence and showed not even the proverbial honor among thieves in their financial transactions.

One of the points in Mr. Chamberlain's speech was that he referred to Sir J. A. Deevitt, the British agent at Pretoria, as an "old man who earned a rest." The great crowd which had gathered in the house in anticipation of Mr. Chamberlain's statement dispersed directly after he had finished his speech. Mr. Leonard Courtney was meantime saying, "Repent in haste, do the right thing at once. Do not daily with dishonesty."

The remaining speeches on the subject were listened to with apathy, and the house adjourned at midnight.

The Times correspondent at Pretoria, in a dispatch published this morning, gives some further telegrams in the so-called "Crytogram" series. They are, however, of little interest, for the most part dealing with the preparations for the raid. There are also extracts given from a copy of a note-book kept by Major White, which is now in the hands of the prosecution. This note-book for December 29, says:

"Received a dispatch from Cecil Rhodes to move at once to Johannesburg. Then follow details of the march. The correspondent suggests that this note-book is possibly spurious. He also says: 'I understand that the Transvaal government will publish all of the documents in the case in a green book.'

HEART DISEASE STRIKES DOWN ALL CLASSES.

The Essential Matter is to be Prepared for any Emergency.

It is painful to pick up the daily papers and observe how people of all classes are being stricken down with heart disease and apoplexy. One day it is the farmer in the field, again the laborer carrying his load or, as this week a prominent architect at Ottawa. Perhaps it is not too strong a statement that 80 per cent. of the people of Canada are afflicted with heart disease of some degree. What a blessing it is that there exists a medicine like Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart which is so quick in producing relief. Instantly the patient obtains that ease that is so longed for when the heart is afflicted. There is absolutely no case of heart disease that it will not help, and with few exceptions, will produce a radical cure.

For sale by Dean & Hiscocks and Hall & Co.

You can hardly realize that it is medicine when taking. A tiny little drop will then be very small; no bad effects; all troubles from torpid liver are relieved by their use.

—*Okell & Morris damson and green grape preserves are a luxury. Try them.*

—*A toilet requisite and a toilet ornament. Odor-o-ma.*

THE PERSECUTED PARSON.

Rev. Brown Contemplates Withdrawal from the Congregationalists.

San Francisco, May 9.—Dr. Charles O. Brown apparently contemplates permanent withdrawal from membership in the Congregational church in which he was recently unfrocked. The fact that he had been invited to preach from the pulpit of a Methodist church, followed by a request for recommendation "to any evangelical church," presented at the regular weekly prayer meeting last night, bears out the assumption. The letter was presented to the meeting by Deacon Morse immediately after the preliminaries had been concluded. The request was granted.

HOPE WAS ABANDONED.

THE PECULIAR CASE OF MRS. HILL, OF WINCHESTER.

The Doctor Told Her That Her Trouble Was Consumption of the Bowels. There Was no Hope of Recovery. But Health Was Almost Miraculously Restored.

Mrs. Hill, wife of Mr. Robert Hill, of Winchester, not many months ago was looked upon as one whose days were numbered. To-day she is a handsome, healthy woman showing no traces of her former desperate condition, and it is therefore little wonder that her case has created a profound sensation in the neighborhood. To a reporter who called upon her Mrs. Hill expressed her willingness to give the story of her illness and recovery for publication, and she told it with an earnestness that conveyed to the listener better than mere words could do, her deep gratitude to the medicine which had brought about her restoration to health and strength. "I feel," she said, "almost like one raised from the dead, and my case seems to me little short of miraculous. About a year ago I was taken with canker in the mouth and suffered terribly. Although I had good medical attendance I did not seem to get better. In fact other complications set in which seemed fast hurrying me to the grave. I grew weaker and weaker until at last I was confined to bed where I lay for three months. My bowels were in a terrible condition, and at last the doctor said he could do no more for me as with the other complications I had consumption of the bowels. My limbs and face became terribly swollen, my heart became weak and my blood seemed to have turned to water. I became simply an emaciated living skeleton. At last the doctor told me I was beyond the aid of human skill, and that further attendance on his part would do no good. One day some time later my friends stood around my bedside thinking every moment to see me breathe my last, but I rallied, and at the urgent solicitation of a friend it was decided at this apparently hopeless juncture to give Dr. Williams' Pink Pills a trial. In less than two weeks a slight improvement had taken place, and from that point I slowly but surely progressed toward recovery, until, as you can see for yourself, I am once more a healthy woman. It is impossible to me to express how grateful I feel towards Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, which under God's blessing have restored me to health and family and friends. I feel that the world should know my story, so that some other suffering sister may be able to find health in the medicine which I believe will never fail."

The experience of years has proved that there is absolutely no disease due to a vitiated condition of the blood or shat-tered nerves, that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills will not promptly cure, and those who are suffering from such troubles would avoid much misery and save money by promptly resorting to this treatment. Get the genuine Pink Pills every time and do not be persuaded to take an imitation or some other remedy from a dealer who, for the sake of the extra profit to himself, may say is "just as good." Dr. Williams' Pink Pills make rich red blood, and cure when other medicines fail.

MR. STRATHY'S MURDERER.

Seeking a New Trial, and He Probably Will Succeed.

Toronto, May 9.—In the division court yesterday afternoon argument was heard for the granting of a new trial to Michael Brennan, who is under sentence of death for the murder of Banker Strathy at Barrie. The appeal is based upon the ruling of the trial judge at the trial of Brennan, who directed the jury to disregard the question of manslaughter and bring in a verdict as to whether or not the prisoner was guilty of murder. Judgment was deferred, but it seems probable that Brennan will have another trial.

Dress Well and Stylishly and Save Money.

The Problem Solved.

Diamond Dyes have saved hundreds of thousands of dollars to the intelligent people of this country, for by their aid old and faded cloths have been dyed to look like new.

Diamond Dyes save money in every home; they are easily named, and stand at the head of all dye-stuffs in the world. Diamond Dyes are the only original and only reliable package dyes, and have never had an equal. They are the true preventives of hard times, and will solve the vexations problem of how to make small incomes cover increasing family demands.

There are vile and worthless imitations of Diamond Dyes; therefore see that your dealer supplies you with the "Diamond." Common dyes are sold for the sake of large profits.

"I will divorce my life to you," said the first sutor.

"I will die for you," said the second.

"I will marry you," said the third.

"I will marry the one who'll die for me first, and then when he dies, I'll marry the other."

I love you both equally." —Harper's Bazaar.

"We supply shaving outfitts that we guarantee. Get one, at Fox's, 75 Government street.

H. T. COLE.

Victoria, B. C., May 7th, 1896.

—*Okell & Morris damson and green grape preserves are a luxury. Try them.*

—*A toilet requisite and a toilet ornament. Odor-o-ma.*



LEGAL NOTICES.

Estate of John Clark.

Pursuant to the "Creditors' Trust Deeds Act, 1890," and Amending Act.

Notice is hereby given that by indenture dated the 4th day of May, 1896, John Clark, deceased, all his personal estate, effects and credits which might be seized and sold under execution, and all his real estates gave, as therein mentioned, to Gideon L. Smith, Esq., 101 Douglas street, Victoria, aforesaid, gentleman, the trustees herein named, for the purpose of satisfying ratably and proportionately such debts, present and future, as the executors of the said John Clark.

The said deed was executed by the said John Clark and the said trustees on the 4th day of May, 1896, and the executors have accepted the trusts created by the said John Clark.

All persons having claims against the said John Clark, or his estate, shall file a written declaration, and stating what account, if any, is held thereby, to the undersigned on or before the 5th day of June, 1896, after which date, the said John Clark, or his estate, will be liable to pay to the said trustees the assets or any part thereof so distributed.

The undersigned will not be liable to any person of whose debts, claim or demands, they are not informed.

All debts and expenses incurred by the said John Clark are required forthwith to pay the amount of their debts respectively to the undersigned.

The date of the 4th day of May, 1896.

RICHARD HALL,
GRAHAM CAMPBELL,
Trusted.

Notice.

In the matter of the Estate of John Dyer, deceased.

All persons having claims against the estate of John Dyer, deceased, are requested to send particular thereof day certified, or on or before the 1st day of June, 1896, and all persons indebted to the estate are requested to pay such indebtedness forthwith.

John Dyer, Esq., 101 Douglas street, Victoria.

Dated the 21st day of April, 1896.

JNO. D. BRYANT, Executor.

Executors of the will of John Dyer, deceased.

Notice of Assignment.

Pursuant to the "Creditors' Trust Deeds Act, 1890," and Amending Act.

Notice is hereby given that Thomas Wild Fletcher, of 88 Government street, Victoria, British Columbia, dealer in sewing machines, pianos and organs, died on the 28th day of April, 1896, and all persons indebted to the estate are requested to pay such indebtedness forthwith.

Thomas Wild Fletcher, Esq., Trustee.

Dated the 21st day of April, 1896.

JNO. D. BRYANT, Executor.

Notice of Assignment.

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Thomas Wild Fletcher, Esq., Trustee.

CREDITORS' MEETING.

A meeting of the creditors of the said Thomas Wild Fletcher will be held at the office of J. P. Walls, 14 Bastion Square, Victoria, on Thursday the 21st day of May, 1896, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon.

JNO. D. BRYANT, Trustee.

April 20-Im.

Notice.

PURCHASE OF LAND.

FOR SALE—Trail Creek mining shares.

Want to buy out Victoria real estate.

Apply to W. Moore & Co., brokers, Douglas street.

Two GOOD COWS for sale. Apply Appleby, Ross Bay.

BEST flowering plants. 20 for \$1.

FOR SALE—Fruitful, healthy Bay front. Apply to C. F. Clark, Esq., 101 Douglas street.

FOR SALE—A well bred 4-year-old horse; suitable for saddle or carriage. Apply to C. F. Clark, Esq., 101 Douglas street.

FOR SALE—Cover good milkers. James Meldrum, Douglas street, near Fountain.

md-61

FOR SALE—A portion of the N. & S. Sanich Agricultural Society's land in South Sanich, containing 64 acres or less, about one acre cleared, never cut or grazed.

FOR SALE—Cover good milkers. James Meldrum, Douglas street, near Fountain.

md-61

FOR SALE—At a bargain, the Vancouver Hotel, 71 Yates street, Victoria, B. C.; in good running order; for particulars apply to F. J. Dawley, P. O. Box 208, or on the premises.

FOR SALE—FARMING LAND FOR SALE—Sea front. Cheap. 101 Douglas street.

FOR SALE—A Peterboro canoe, carpet and cushions. Price \$20. Apply S. J. F.

TO LET.

FURNISHED—Near postoffice, cottage; \$15. Eight roomed house; \$25. Address M. D., Times office.

TO LET—No. 101 Pandosy street, next door to F. J. Clark, Esq., 101 Douglas street; modern conveniences; electric lights; perfect order; stable; hot air furnace. Apply Dalby & Clayton.

TO LET—Furnished house, in quiet locality, less than five minutes from postoffice. Suitable for small family; rent very moderate. Address F. Times office.

TO LET—Nicely furnished rooms single or suite, also housekeeping rooms. Apply the Balmoral, Douglas street.

md-18

MISCELLANEOUS.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITY—An investment is offered whereby a handsome profit can be made; capital required from \$2,000 to \$3,000. Address for particulars Recorder, Times office.

PIANOFORTE OR SINGING taught by lady recently from England; holding certificate from Royal Academy of Music, London, and from Trinity College, London. For terms apply Mrs. Postlethwaite, Michigan street.

ap-61

SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS—Set in type, half page, one column, cost 10c. per word; each insertion and set are received at the Times office each day of publication up to 4 p. m.

A. W. WILSON, PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS.

See Notices and Classifieds. Delivered at post office, and inserted at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 126.

For Sale or To Let.

Splendid Farm, 80 acres, for sale or to let at Sanich. Fine house, barn and chicken house. 100 chickens, 30 acres ready to plough; remainder good for grazing. Apply to A. H. HARMAN & CO., 30 Broad Street.

JEWELERS, ETC.

American Waterbury Nickel Alarm Clocks, \$1.

ANSONIA ALARMS, 90c.

GERMAN ALARMS, 70c.

Guaranteed two years.

S. A. STODDART, THE New Watchmaker and Jeweler,

CUBA VERY COSTLY

Spain is at an expense of 100,000,000 and Ten Thousand Dollars annually.

Newark National Guards Joining the Insurgents on Very Liberal Terms.

New York, May 9.—A dispatch to the Herald from Madrid says: "Former Prime Minister Sagasta denies that there exists any difference of opinion among Liberal leaders regarding Cuba. He said: 'The war costs \$100,000,000 annually and certainly 10,000 soldiers every year. Can we fold our arms in the face of this sorrowful prospect? The liberal minority will do its duty. We shall endeavor to procure practical solutions of the difficulty in order that the institution of reforms, instead of being a promise, shall become a reality.'

The World says: It was reported in Newark last night that several members of the First Regiment of the National Guard, which is located there, had accepted generous offers to fight for Cuban independence, and had left under orders of the Cuban junta.

The number of guardmen who are going is not definitely known. It was learned, however, that at least a dozen have already signed an agreement with the representatives of the junta and a much larger number are seriously considering the matter, with the prospect that they will join the expedition. On Tuesday night the first detachment left Newark. The party was in charge of Sergeant William L. Edwards and Private Louis Haggerty, and was composed entirely of members of the First Regiment. They were escorted to a rendezvous in this city, where they are said to be now stationed. It was given out that the expedition to which the Newarkers will take part was to embark on a steamer at Perth Amboy. This report was intended to throw the emissaries of the Spanish government off the scent. It is said that the men who will make up the party will board a vessel at sea, being conveyed from various points in tugs and sailing vessels.

One volunteer is said to have offered a bonus of \$700, together with his fare to Jacksonville, and a monthly compensation of \$30. Another statement is that the men are to receive a bonus of \$100 and \$22 a month.

The representatives of the junta have for several weeks past maintained a recruiting station in the city. It is known that a number of influential members of Lincoln post, G. A. R., have been aiding them. A force of men recruited from all parts of the country is said to be in Newark waiting for a chance to reach Cuba.

The Cuban junta issued a statement of the law yesterday regarding Cuban belligerency, together with a petition of Tomas Estrada Palma, delegate of the Republic of Cuba, for the recognition by the United States of belligerency for the Cubans.

The statement was prepared by Horatio S. Rubans, counsel for the Cuban legation in this city, and a copy of the same will be in the hands of every congressman.

It is pointed out that the existence of civil war comes the question of recognition, and that much of the existence of misapprehension on the subject arises from a confusion of the various kinds of recognition of insurgents—first, recognition of belligerency, which is the lowest grade; second, virtual or commercial recognition; next, absolute recognition of independence. That the Cubans are conducting a war, Mr. Rubans shows by the strength of their army of 60,000 men, and Spain of 120,000.

The present attitude of neutrality by the United States, he says, gives a great advantage to Spain.

A messenger direct from Cuba arrived at the office of the Cuban junta in this city last night and reported practically as follows: "Gen. Maceo, with a well equipped army, has full and complete possession of Pinar del Rio province, and expects to hold his position until the rainy season sets in. The recent victory claimed for the Spanish troops under Gen. Inclan was a severe reverse for Spain. The General sends word that he will recross the trocha when he gets ready to do so, but he has no intention of leaving his headquarters in the mountains at present. Weyler wants Maceo to attack the trocha now, because he has massed thousands of soldiers there. Maceo laughs at this and would like to have Weyler know that the patriots will pay him a visit soon enough."

Gen. Martin Torres relates in an official report from Macarangnas, received to-day by Gen. Palma, that Narciso Lopez, an American citizen, was snatched from the breakfast table by Spanish soldiers passing that place April 11, taken to the road and shot. Gen. Torres says the Spanish are constantly committing atrocities in the interior of Cuba.

The Advertiser this morning says: The greatest need of the Cuban revolutionaries is arms and ammunition, and these the patriots in the United States are determined to supply to them without stint. Large orders have been placed, and so large a quantity is now ready that it has been determined to send out an expedition of three vessels. One has just been bought for that purpose. It is said that she is the fast steamer Magnetic. The Magnetic will be convoyed by two other steamers, both of which will be well armed and prepared to fight. It is thought the two vessels chosen are the Bermuda and her sister ship the Muriel. Both are well suited for the intended service.

Madrid, May 9.—Dispatches received here from Havana say that the men captured on the American schooner Competitor, and tried by court martial death.

Havana, May 9.—The government has arranged to furnish whatever is necessary to sustain life to James W. Creelman, correspondent of the New York World, and Frederick W. Lawrence, correspondent of the New York Journal, who have been ordered to leave Cuba on account of matter furnished to their papers which has proved itself offensive to the authorities. They leave Havana on Saturday for Tampa.

RAILROADS' OVERCHARGES.

Heavy Suits Against Many Railways for Excessive Charges.

Sioux City, Ia., May 9.—Suits involving an aggregate of about \$100,000, will be commenced in the federal courts here in a few days by the association of grain dealers of northwestern Iowa against the Sioux City & Northern, Burlington, Cedar Rapids & Northern, Sioux City & Pacific, Illinois Central, Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul, and Chicago & Northwestern railway companies to recover that amount of overcharge alleged to have been made by the roads during the last few years on grain shipments from Northwestern Iowa points to Chicago. The actions will be brought under the Interstate Commerce laws. Complaints of overcharges have been numerous for a long time, but the present decision to sue was the outcome of a secret meeting of the association here last night.

THE PRINCE'S ERROR

Henry of Orleans Acknowledges and Becomes One of the French People.

For Which He is Reported to Have Come Under the Ban of the Duke of Orleans.

Paris, May 9.—Le Matin says that a rupture of the amicable relations between the Duke of Orleans and his cousin, Prince Henry of Orleans, is imminent, and that the Duke will publish a manifesto cutting off Prince Henry from the Orleans family and depriving him of the rank of a prince of the blood. Although the cause of the trouble is not stated, it has been an open secret for some time past that the Orleans family are displeased at the growing popularity in France of Prince Henry of Orleans, elder son of the Duke of Chartres, and cousin of the Duke of Orleans, pretender to the French throne. Prince Henry recently returned from an exploring trip in China and Tibet. The Prince and his party had discovered the source of the Mekong river, and the young traveller became prominent before the public. On March 9 last Prince Henry was decorated with the cross of the Legion of Honor, and he made a speech acknowledging the existence of the republic. He was also presented with gold medal by the French Geographical Society, and his utterances upon that occasion were much commented upon; in fact they gave rise to a rumor that he might be a possible candidate for the presidency of the French Republic. Later, in a speech at a dinner given in honor of Count Albert Delon, who was one of the late General Bonaparte's warmest supporters, Prince Henry of Orleans said: "I have endeavored to remember two counsels given by my grandfather in his admirable will. Be passionate servants of the revolution and manage to get forgiven for being princes. I think I have obtained that pardon. In bestowing on me the cross which my father received from Gambetta, the government of the republic has given me, if not complete absolution, for we are still deprived of the rights of citizens, at least a partial one. You have kindly honored me in presenting me this decoration, which I highly value. In receiving me you have said to yourselves there was one Frenchman more among you, and you have clasped hands with a fellow-countryman who has done his best to deserve well of his fatherland."

Sir Oliver Mowat Afflicted With Kidney Trouble.

The news has been flashed across the wires from the old country that Sir Oliver Mowat, who is there seeking medical advice, is a victim of kidney disease. His friends say that the case is not as alarming as the press reports have stated. But there seems to be no disguising the fact that with Ontario's Premier, as thousands of others, kidney disease has seized the victim. It is laying waste the lives of our best people in all parts of the Dominion, and yet those who have learned to use South American Kidney Cure are finding it a remedy far surpassing a sea voyage, or even the skill of England's greatest physicians. It is a kidney specialist, not a cure-all, but as a specialist in this particular it gives relief within six hours after the first dose, and renewed health to all who take it.

For sale by Dean & Hatchcock on Hall & Co.

These Chinese mandarins who were in Formosa at the time of the surrender of the island to Japan and who thought that they had a perfect right to help themselves to the government funds in their hands in order to save themselves from the Japanese invaders seem to be now having a pretty time of it. Some censor has memorialized the throne on the subject and has computed that over 2,000,000 taels were taken in this manner which should rightly have been turned over to the provincial treasury at Foo-Choo.

According to the baptismal certificate of Adelita Patti, recently printed by a Roman paper, she was born on February 19, 1843. It has been believed heretofore that Patti was half Spanish, but according to this document, her mother was born at Rome and her father at Catala, in Sicily.

In the state railway in Germany the carriages are painted according to the colors of the tickets of their respective classes. First-class carriages are painted yellow, second-class green and third-class white.

How to Get a "Sunlight" Book. Send 12 "Sunlight" Soap wrappers to Lever Bros., Ltd., 23 Scott St., Toronto, who will send post-paid a paper-bound book, 100 pages. For 6 "Lifeline" Glycerine Soap wrappers, a similar book will be sent. This is a special opportunity to obtain good reading. Send your name and address written carefully.

That the synod expresses its thanks to God for the good work done for the welfare of the college.

That the synod deprecates the ending of the summer sessions in theology, expresses its belief that for some years

THE WORLD'S GREAT LEADER!

Used by the High and Wealthy and Those in Humble Circumstances.

PAINES CELERY COMPOUND THE CHOSEN MEDICINE IN ALL WELL REGULATED HOMES.

Keep a Watch on the Substitutes and Imitations.

The world's great leader, Paine's Celery Compound, has no equal for feeding exhausted nerves and building up the weak and shattered body.

The greatest of modern medical men, Prof. Edward E. Phelps, M.D., LL.D., after years of hard practice and close scientific research, gave Paine's Celery Compound to the millions who were suffering. The wonderful compound has astonished rich and poor, learned and unlearned, by its marvelous cures.

The glad news has spread to all civilized lands that Paine's Celery Compound surely and permanently cures even the most desperate for the physician's skill. Proofs of such cures in the testimonial form are received every week from happy and grateful men and women saved from the dark grave.

Paine's Celery Compound has fully proved its power as a banisher of dyspepsia, indigestion, rheumatism, neuralgia,

kidney and liver troubles, and all diseases arising from impure and poisoned blood. Thousands of men and women, tired out, run down, sleepless, nervous, morose and despondent, have regained perfect health, strength and buoyancy of spirits, by the well advised use of nature's own medicine. It has given a new and brighter existence to a vast number of human beings who were tired of life and its many burdens.

If, from the winter weather, and the variable days of early spring, you are left with nervous debility, headaches, insomnia, languor, and nerves all out of order, do not hesitate a day longer to use Paine's Celery Compound, which is especially adapted for your ease, and you will avoid future misery and suffering.

Paine's Celery Compound does not belong to the worthless families of nervines and sarsaparillas that are made

entirely to make you well.

public by newspaper advertising, and that always deceive unwary and too credulous people. Paine's Celery Compound is a truly scientific prescription recommended by the best medical men, chemists and professional men in the world. To give an idea of the popularity and great eminence that Paine's Celery Compound has reached, it is only necessary to state that millions of well-regulated homes have made it their chosen medicine.

As popular goods are always imitated by unscrupulous men, buyers of Paine's Celery Compound should see that they get the only genuine celery in the world. Look for the trade mark—the name Paine's and the stalk of celery—on every bottle you are offered by dealers. Avoid all merchants who will substitute something that they call just as good; there is no other medicine that can take the place of Paine's Celery Compound. It is what you most urgently require to make you well.

FOR
Seagram's
Whiskey

Apply to
R. P. Rithet & Co., Ltd.

TRY
VIENNA CREAM BREAD
MADE ONLY AT
VICTORIA WEST
STEAM BAKERY

...ALL GOES...

"Merry as a Marriage Bell"

IN HOMES WHERE

White Star
Baking Powder

IS USED.

For the "Blue Devils" of indigestion cannot resist the pure and wholesome baking which so uniformly results from the use of this matchless powder.

Kootenay Mines.

LATEST INFORMATION OF
New Finds,
Transfers,
Shipments of Ore,
Developments.

WITH FULL QUOTATIONS OF
Stock and Share Prices.

READ...

THE MINER
PUBLISHED AT NEISON.

The oldest mining paper in B. C. To be had of all news agents or of

Mr. Geo. Sheddell,

Agent for Victoria and Vancouver Island.

\$1.00.

The Public will please Take Notice That

Ryckman's Kootenay Cure

HAS BEEN REDUCED TO

ONE DOLLAR PER BOTTLE.

For sale by Druggists.

MERCHANTS will be allowed rebates on old prices for what they have in stock.

The S. R. Ryckman Medicine Co.,

HAMILTON, ONT.

Liverpool to Victoria.

The magnificent British ship

"Manx King"

1734 tons register, classed 300 at Lloyd's.

KARRAN, MASTER.

will begin loading in Liverpool about 1st

May for this port, and having the greater portion of her cargo engrossed will have quick dispatch.

For rates of freight and other particulars

apply to

BALFOUR, WILLIAMSON & CO., LTD.,

LIVERPOOL.

ROBERT WARD & CO., LTD.,

VICTORIA.

Apr. 18-19.

DR. HANINGTON

Having returned from Europe, may be seen

at the offices of Balfour, Williamson &

Co., Ltd., Victoria, B. C., from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.; 8 p.m. to 9 p.m.

MAY.						
S.	M.	T.	W.	T.	F.	S.
3	4	5	6	7	8	9
10	11	12	13	14	15	16
17	18	19	20	21	22	23
24	25	26	27	28	29	30

JOSHUA DAVIES
AUCTIONEER
Room 7, Board of Trade Building.

The Daily Times.

CURE-ALL LITERATURE.

The Victoria letter carriers, who receive \$20.10 per month, are at present loaded down with their daily rounds with all sorts of Conservative campaign literature "franked" from Ottawa by Messrs. Earle and Prior. The literature is of a most varied character, as it should be to accomplish its purpose in a community that is very much mixed in its attitude towards the dying Dominion government. "A Political Review," containing "topics for the elections of 1896," is a four-page fly sheet, with a circulation of 350,000." Thousands of electors in Victoria have received copies, ostensibly sent by "Messrs. Earle and Prior," although our representatives had left Ottawa before the day they were "franked." "A Political Review" contains Sir Donald Smith's speech on the Manitoba school question, a number of shorter articles attacking the Liberals, and seven columns in praise of a patent medicine, which is guaranteed to cure almost every disease that flesh is heir to, including the kidney complaint of Connally and McGreevy. These seven columns will be most interesting reading for afflicted Conservatives, as they hold out the hope of a specific remedy for every disease from which they may suffer. It will cure the quote from "A Political Review's" chronic corruption and blood diseases, is a splendid tonic, cures indigestion, and is a microbe killer. What more can a diseased mind or body ask for? It was exceedingly thoughtful of Messrs. Earle and Prior to supply this information gratis and postage free, to the electors of Victoria. It demonstrates most conclusively that our representatives are fully alive to the political and physical condition of the constituency. If Smith's Remedy fails Kootenay Cure is recommended by Messrs. Earle and Prior as an alternative, and between the two the empirics evidently believe that a great miracle will be wrought.

No person will seriously object to Messrs. Earle and Prior prescribing nostrums of this character, but the manner in which the thing is done is open to objection. The privilege of "franking" can only be taken advantage of lawfully by members of parliament when in Ottawa and during a session. They cannot give a proxy to a clerk in one of the departments to sign or stamp their names on postal matter, for the purpose of having that matter go free through the mails without violating the spirit if not the letter of the law. But that is precisely what Messrs. Earle and Prior have done. They provided a clerk, furnished him with an abundance of the cure-all fly sheet, and then left Ottawa. The faithful clerk carefully follows instructions and the postoffice is deluged with mail matter ostensibly coming from our members, but in reality from a paid servant. It is a lie and a fraud upon the public. Still the medicine may be all right if carefully administered. It wants to be well shaken before taking.

IGNORANT OR MENDACIOUS?

The Ottawa correspondent of the Toronto Mail and Empire, the chief organ of the Dominion government, said in a recent issue of that paper:

"It is understood that at an early date the department of customs and inland revenue will be restored to their former status. This will give Mr. John F. Wood and Lieut.-Col. Prior full ministerial rank. They are ministers now in one sense, but not the ministers over their own departments. It was thought at one time during the reconstruction that Mr. Wood should become a minister, and the new men take the controllership, but the special aptitude Mr. Wood has shown for the administration of the customs department made it unsafe to effect a change at this juncture. When the present claims are carried out, however, the customs and inland revenue branches, which are both highly important, will be again full-fledged departments."

What unworthy spirit could have prompted the correspondent to make statements so plainly implying that Col. Prior does not now enjoy full ministerial rank, that he is a "minister in one sense" only, and that he is not full-fledged. Surely he could not have understood the danger he was incurring. The Colonist will now formally adjudge him to be an untried swash, a man of no intelligence, an ignorant and mercenary person and a swot. Also, it will hold his guilty of downright and unmitigated lying of resorting to unqualified falsehood, of being densely ignorant or shamelessly untruthful and dishonest. What could have possessed the unfortunate correspondent of the chief government organ to place himself in danger of all these severe penalties?

He'll be sorry when he knows what a communion his admission of the truth has caused in the Colonist's bosom.

THE PROHIBITION QUESTION.

From our dispatches to-day it appears that the judicial committee of the Imperial privy council has declared the general prohibition of the liquor traffic to be within the powers of the Dominion parliament only. The provinces cannot prohibit the importation of liquor, though they seem to have some sort of local jurisdiction over manufacture, and has the power of local regulation. Furthermore, section 18 of the Ontario act, which is commonly known as the "local option" clause, is held to be unconstitutional. That is to say, a provincial legislature can delegate to a village or township the power of prohibiting the traffic within its own confines. There does not appear to be any limit set to the size of the community within which this local option may be exercised, but more light may be thrown on this point by the full text of the judgment. The judicial committee appears to have interpreted the constitutional enactments relating to the liquor traffic in much the same way as Sir Oliver Mowat does, and thus incidentally paid another tribute to that statesman's ability as a constitutional lawyer.

MERELY A DODGE.

In Toronto recently was held the annual meeting of the Manufacturers' Association—otherwise the Red Patriotic. The main feature of the proceedings, as usual, was ligation of the N.P. In his address the president said, among other things:

"During the past year, the association, through the medium of a circular, made enquiry of manufacturers throughout the country asking their views on our present system of protection, and also regarding a tariff for revenue only, or free trade, in substitution for the present arrangement. The circular was promptly and intelligently responded to, and the information gained was of a character which showed that the manufacturers were practically a unit in the advocacy of the National Policy. If the information thus obtained could be so condensed as to be available for publication and distribution, I am sure it would convince the most ardent advocate of a revenue tariff or free trade, of the utter folly of adopting any such policies for this country. In almost every part of the Dominion it would be found that industries have sprung up of which but little was known; and the fact was developed that one industry stimulates another; and that the wants of one concern encourages others to make articles to supply them, thus creating a round of establishments, depending upon the other."

Towards the close of the meeting a resolution was adopted, the long preamble to which recited the many blessings alleged by the manufacturers to have been conferred by the country by the present tariff. Following is the concluding declaration:

"And, whereas, nothing impels the security of capital or paralyzes industrial or commercial enterprises more surely or quickly than uncertainty in regard to the trade policy of the country;

Therefore, be it resolved, that this association places itself upon record, as opposed to any change in the present tariff system which will imperil the safety of our existing Canadian industries, and subject them to unfair competition from foreign manufacturers.

Resolved, that in the opinion of this association, the prosperity of this country imperatively demands a fixed and definite policy of protection to Canadian industries of every kind from the general principles of which there shall be no deviation.

The association then proceeded to pass a resolution in favor of a preferential trade with Great Britain and the other colonies. It must be plain to the Manufacturers' Association that no such preferential trade arrangement can be made without some extensive changes in the present tariff—changes which must of necessity take away some of the protection which the manufacturers now enjoy. The ability of coupling the two declarations is, therefore, manifest, and the double-dealing involved is equally plain. Only one conclusion can be drawn, namely, that the manufacturers want the present system to be maintained, but hope to placate the wearied electors by some preferential trade palaver. Their scheme is the same as Tupper's and we do not think it will succeed. This preferential trade dodge is very much too thin.

The Hamilton Herald, independent says: "The Herald gossiped with a lot of politicians and newspaper men on both sides of the party fence in Toronto, last night, and the opinion was general that the country was preparing to 'Grit' in June. Every starch conservative admits that the outlook is pretty blue from a Conservative standpoint."

Sir Charles Tupper's reception in Winnipeg has evidently been very cool, and he has vainly endeavored to meet matters by making all sorts of promises. Unfortunately for him his character is too well-known to permit of any person taking his promises in good faith.

Make it a point to see that your blood is purified, enriched and vitalized at this season with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

With ardent words and burning looks Long time, the gith he sought.

Then, within less than two years after the wedding, he was vowing and swearing with full belief in what he was saying that he, instead of she, was the one who was pursued and caught—Cincinnati Enquirer.



To the Electors of the Electoral District of Victoria:

Gentlemen: We respectfully solicit your votes and support at the general election for the House of Commons, at which we will be candidates in the interest of the Opposition party.

In our opinion the time has arrived when, for the welfare of Canada and to ensure a revival of prosperity in this constituency and throughout the Dominion, a change in the federal administration is absolutely necessary.

We fully endorse the Opposition platform, adopted at the Ottawa convention in June, 1893. As the candidates of that party we are opposed to the ruinous fiscal policy which has now had a trial of eighteen years, and are of opinion that the highest interests of Canada demand a removal of this obstacle to our country's progress, by the adoption of a sound fiscal policy, which, while not doing any injustice to any class, will promote domestic and foreign trade and hasten a return of prosperity to our people, and to that end we believe that the tariff should be reduced to the needs of honest, economical and efficient government.

We believe in provincial rights, and will oppose coercion in any form towards the provinces of the Dominion in respect to matters upon which they have been entrusted with the powers to legislate. In the matter of the Manitoba School Question we are of opinion that the offer of the Greenway government to amend the school law that the clergymen or representative of any denomination would have the right to impart religious instruction in the public schools, at stated times, was a most reasonable one, and that it ought to have been accepted by the minority as a compromise and by all parties as a liberal and adequate compliance with the judgment of the privy council. We are still in hope that, along these lines and under the policy of conciliation of Mr. Laurier—to whom all Canada is now looking for a final settlement of this disturbing question—the strife and intolerance which are provoked by denominational differences and religious rancor will forever disappear from the arena of Canadian politics, at least so far as the public school system of our country is concerned.

We will support a progressive railway policy, and if elected will strongly urge the importance of assisting a trunk line to open up the great country in the northern part of British Columbia, by which a transcontinental line would traverse a rich and yet uninhabited region.

We are opposed to the "bleeding process" whereby the provinces of British Columbia has been forced for years to contribute to the Dominion treasury in customs, excise, fisheries and other dues, and to eastern monopolists; over two million dollars a year in excess of the sum returned to us for all purposes.

We believe that it is possible to administer public affairs absolutely free from the scandals that have been a marked characteristic of the rule of the present and late administrations, and will support no man or set of men that will shield criminals, whitewash bootleggers, or condone corruption in high places.

We believe that it is possible to have faith in her future. Her progress has been retarded by a ruinous tariff and by mal-administration in every department of the public service. High taxation has been crushing the energies of her people, who have been leaving the country at the rate of one hundred thousand a year to find in the United States opportunities to live dignified at home.

Our government has checked, to an extent simply incalculable, her progress, but it has not only because it had not time in eighteen years irretrievably ruined both the people and the country.

With an electorate influenced by principle and right, there is still great hope for our country, and especially for this province with its immense natural wealth and magnificent opportunities for expansion.

COURTSHIP AMONG THE BOERS.

Courting among the race is a novel proceeding. A young man, having of course asked permission of his father to court the hand and heart of some neighboring damsel by neighboring, 1 mean anywhere within fifty miles—proceeds to purchase the most loudly colored and decorated saddle-cloth for his horse that he possibly finds. He will spend large sums on this article of equine adornment, and one knowing the country can never mistake a young Boer going out courting. Mounted on his most spirited steed, he approaches the house of the father of his lady-love. Unlike the youth of more civilized life, he avoids the lady and seeks the father, whom he reverently asks permission to court his daughter. The old man returns no answer but consults his son, and the youth joins the young folks. No more notice is taken of him during the day, but if his request be agreeable to the parents, when the hour for retiring comes the mother solemnly approaches the young man and maiden with a long hollow candle in her hand. This she places on the table lights, and bidding the couple an affectionate good-night, retires. This is the silent signal to the lover that his suit is successful. The young couple are permitted to sit up together in the kitchen so long as the candle lasts, when the lady retires to the one dormitory of herself and sisters, and the youth shares the bed of the brothers or male portion of the family—March Forum.

Keeping in mind, then, the great issues upon which you will be called to pronounced a verdict—remembering the non-progressive state of the country, the unfair treatment which British Columbia has received, the failure of the protective tariff, the debasement of Canadian political life by ministers of the crown, and all minor questions—we respectfully invite you to consider if the time has not come for the electors of Victoria to demand that the old order of things shall be reversed and that a new and a better system of government shall be inaugurated in its stead.

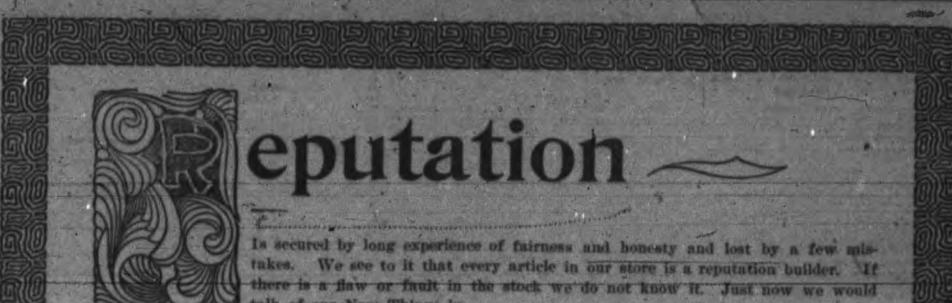
Faithfully yours,

W. TEMPLEMAN,
G. L. MILNE.

Mother writes: "No trouble now getting the children to attend to their teeth, they like Odorona so much."

We have just received, May 8th, a complete assortment of Japanese matting in a great variety of new designs. Weller Bros., 51 to 55 Port street.

HENRY SHORT & SONS,
apt 5-10



Is secured by long experience of fairness and honesty and lost by a few mistakes. We see to it that every article in our store is a reputation builder. If there is a flaw or fault in the stock we do not know it. Just now we would talk of our New Things in

Dress Goods, Millinery and Parasols.

We much desire the Ladies of this city to find out by examination how careful we are to say exactly what we mean, neither more nor less. Remember, all the Nicest, Newest Articles, in the Dry Goods and Millinery line are here at unsurpassed values.

JOHN PARTRIDGE,

LANDSDOWNE HOUSE,
86 YATES STREET.

\$1.50 TO BICYCLISTS \$1.50

Ocean Accident and Guarantee Company, Limited,

OFFER

Bicycle Accident Tickets for \$1.50

GIVING BENEFITS AS UNDER:

\$1.00 for death, or the loss to two eyes, or two hands, or two feet, or a hand and a foot by a bicycle accident.

\$3.33 for the loss of a hand, or a foot, or an eye by a bicycle accident.

\$5 weekly for total disablement by a bicycle accident, or caused by Typhoid, Typhus or Scarlet Fever, or Smallpox.

\$1.25 weekly for partial disablement by a bicycle accident.

APPLY...

Robert Ward & Co., Ltd.,

General Agents for British Columbia.

THE MINSTREL FESTIVAL.

WEILER BROS.,

51 to 55 Fort St., Victoria, B.C.

The Great Western House Furnishers

are showing the following lines:

Spring Consignment

OF...

Japanese Matting

Suitable for door coverings, dados, etc.

Choice selections.

Rattan Furniture

INCLUDING

Chairs, Tables, Brackets.

Baby Carriages, etc.

MINSTRELS

DIRECTOR—JOHN M. FINN.

Under the distinguished patronage of His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor and Mrs. Dewdney, the Commandant-in-Chief, Major Stephenson, Lieut.-Col. Rawstorne, R.M.A., the Deputy Adjutant-General; Major McLeod, R.E., and Lieut.-Col. Prior and officers of 5th Regiment C.A. for the benefit of the band fund of the 5th Regiment.

The Consumption of Superb Minstrels!

SEE : :

The Gorgeous First Part;

5 End Men;

16 Dancers;

35 Choristers;

The Delightful Serpentine;

The Brownie's Frolic;

The Intricate Military Manœuvres and

Plantation Pastimes.

A model production of exclusive features.

PRICES—\$1, 75c, 50c, and 25c. Reserved seats at Jamison's.

Make a careful examination of these wheels before deciding on a "bike."

WEILER BROS.

Did You Ever?

Try the effect of a handful of Sea Salt dissolved in the morning bath as a tonic. 10c. a package.
HOBBS, THE Dispenses Prescriptions,
100 Government Street, near cor.
Yates street, Victoria.

LOCAL NEWS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

The 87th drawing for an appropriation in the Vancouver Island Building Society will take place on the 15th instant.

Five light, easy-running, '96 bicycles to rent. Perry & McConnell, cor. Broad and Trounce avenue.

A public meeting of the Women's Council will be held at the city hall on Monday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock.

Those taking part in the minstrel show are requested to be present at the theatre by 6:45 this evening as the curtain will go up at 8:20.

Monuments, Headstones and cemetery carvings are very cheap at Stewart's. Be sure to get his prices before buying elsewhere. Cor. Yates & Blauchard streets.

George Knowles and Francis McKinney, better known as "Old Larry," left this morning for the provincial home at Kamloops. They were formerly residents of the city home.

At last night's meeting of the Sir William Wallace Society, a description was given of the field of Culloden, where Prince Charlie made his last struggle in 1745. Songs and recitations made up the remainder of the programme.

A very handsome group picture of the Victoria team of the Pacific baseball league, has been executed by Sash. The players, who are a strapping set of men, are shown in the costume picture in their battle costume, while the border is set off by a separate portrait of each member in evening dress.

An adjourned vestry meeting of St. Luke's, Cedar Hill, was held Thursday evening. Mr. H. A. King was appointed rector's warden, Mr. James Gartley's people's warden, and Mr. T. M. Miller secretary. The church committee consists of Messrs. James Gartley, H. A. King, T. M. Miller, J. W. Tolmie, D. D. Dow, Chas. King, J. Nicholson, Jr., and H. N. Shaw; and the auditors are Messrs. L. C. Johnson and T. M. Miller. The Ladies' Guild received a vote of thanks for securing the funds for building the new rectory.

The education department has issued a circular, directing that the subject of agriculture be added to the course of study in graded and common schools. After August, 1896, instructions must be given in this subject at least twice a week to all pupils in the fourth and fifth readers. The same attention must be given to the teaching of agriculture as is given to physiology. Applications for entrance to the high school will not be required to pass an examination in this subject until after the expiration of one year from this date. The text-book authorized for use is "Public School Agriculture" (Mills & Shaw), published by the J. E. Bryant Co., Toronto.

Ah Sing, a Chinese vegetable pedler, was this morning sentenced to two months with hard labor for stealing silver from the Dominion Hotel. The wily Chinese did his stealing in a systematic manner. The silver had been sold to a competitor for \$1 a month, but this did not appear to affect Ah Sing's conscience. He started by taking a small quantity of the refuse and kept on increasing his share until at last he emptied the barrels. This man to the man who was paying \$1 a month for it open his eyes and he complained to Mr. Jones, the proprietor. An officer was detailed to watch the place with the result that Ah Sing was last night caught "red-handed." He offered Constable Smith, who made the arrest, a dollar to let him go, but this only aggravated the offense. Ah Yeong charged with supplying liquor to Indians went to jail for four months in default of a fine of \$50.

The regular monthly meeting of the Ladies' committee of the Protestant Orphans' Home was held yesterday afternoon. One of the orphans, a minor, who has been placed at domestic service, requested the transfer to her of her accumulated savings that been monthly placed to her credit in the bank. After considerable discussion it was decided not to entertain applications of this character until the parties entitled to the proceeds became of age or marry. An application for the admission of an infant of fourteen months old was referred to the standing committee on reception for investigation. The resignation of Mrs. James McGregor was accepted with regret, and Mrs. William Denny was unanimously chosen to fill her place on the committee. The matron of the home gratefully acknowledges the following donations during April: Milk, daily, R. E. Knowles; clothing Mrs. Hutchison and Mrs. Earle; the Colonist, daily, from

Awarded
Highest Honors—World's Fair,

DR.

PRICE'S

CREAM

BAKING

POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

Pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder, Free Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.

40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

the publishers: ashpan, A. Lewis; and potato, Hastic & Baumeran.

Boys, read the ad. of Gilmore & McCandless.

Ladies, a fine line of AI scissors and shears at Fox's, 78 Govt. St.

The opposition central committee rooms are now located in the Balmoral Block, Douglas street.

Bicycle repairing, brazing, enameling, vulcanizing, firing. Complete repair shop. Perry & McConnell, cor. Broad and Trounce avenue.

Aida Meredith, a young woman who has been an inmate of the police station for several days, will this evening be taken to the asylum at New Westminster.

A number of friends have in contemplation an excursion to the East the latter part of June. The cheap rate will probably induce a large number to visit friends in the East. The leading promoter is Mr. O. H. Cogswell, of this city.

The marine department has arranged with Mr. Charles Hayward for the removal of the bodies of the captain and crew of the Janet Cowan, from Carmannah to Ross Bay cemetery. The bodies will be brought to Victoria on the Quadra, which leaves for Carmannah early next week.

Six hundred bicycle sweepers arrived at Geo. H. Jackson's this morning in all sizes, makes and shades. Every bazaar purchase entitles you to a chance at the Dayton bicycle. Buy a sweep and have a try. Over 1,000 tickets now in, but the last man stands as good a show as the first.

The members of the Y. W. C. A. are reminded of the usual weekly Bible reading held at the rooms, Johnson street, every Saturday evening from 8:15 to 9:15. The subject for the month will be found in the association almanac for May. These readings are most interesting and all women are cordially invited to attend.

We enjoy the confidence of our customers, but, however, we are not surprised to learn that there are some who are not to be trusted even in a guessing contest. Every dollar spent in our store entitles the purchaser to a guess at the big block of soap, and the nearest estimate gets a high grade Cleveland swell special bicycle. S. Reid, 122 Government.

The following Victoria passengers per steamer Walla Walla sailed from San Francisco this morning: Mrs. H. L. Madson, Miss G. Marrack, Mrs. Blake and maid, Miss Anne Blake, Mrs. Beatrice Blake, Col. Hankin, M. Perry and wife, F. B. Pemberton and wife, A. Mora and wife, M. B. Mendham and wife, H. B. Hamilton, Mrs. Thane, Miss Sutton, Miss Maggie Gaxiola, Miss J. P. Hippens, Miss Hippens, Rev. T. H. Patt and wife, Allan G. Tison, H. Hayward, M. Fitzgerald, Jas. Gibbs, Miss Vernon, Miss Minor, Richard White, J. Williams and wife, H. R. H. Gibbons, F. Armstrong, F. Crowe, Edith Henderson, Jas. Doe.

TO REGULATE BICYCLING.

Aid Partridge to Introduce a By-Law for That Purpose—Other Motions.

At Monday evening's meeting of the city council Aid. Partridge will introduce two popular propositions. One is a by-law to regulate the use of bicycles on the public streets. The alderman has no intention of introducing an arbitrary measure, in fact before drawing up his by-law he intends to call a meeting of bicyclists to discuss and thus, if possible, bring about a state of affairs that will meet with the satisfaction of both wheelmen and pedestrians.

Aid. Partridge's other proposition is to amend the building by-law. It is put a stop to the present system of repairing wooden buildings within the fire limits. During the last few years owners of shacks have adopted all kinds of devices to get around the present by-law with the result that many old wooden buildings have been made barely habitable.

Aid. Williams has also a notice of motion on the bulletin board. It is to the effect that tenders be called for the advertising for the balance of the year. Heretofore the advertising has been equally divided between the two daily papers.

METHODIST DISTRICT MEETING.

Business Transacted at the Annual Meeting Held at Nanaimo.

The annual meeting of the Methodist district commenced at Nanaimo on Thursday afternoon and closed last evening.

The meeting was composed of thirteen ministers, and fifteen laymen, representing work among the white people, Indians and Chinese, the Rev. S. Cleaver of this city presiding.

The Rev. C. M. Tate was elected secretary, and the Rev. E. Manuel assistant secretary.

It was recommended that the Rev. S. Wilkinson and the Rev. R. Wilkinson be permitted to attend college, and the Rev. C. Bryant's superannuated relation be continued.

Victoria Metropolitan has spent \$1100 for a Sunday school room at Spring Ridge, Victoria West \$200 for parsonage furniture. Union \$180 for church repairs and furniture. Wellington \$200 for a new church. Nanaimo \$800 for a mission church and dwelling combined, and Nitinat \$800 for a mission house.

The following gentlemen were elected as lay representatives to the conference, which meets at New Westminster next Thursday: David Spencer, J. J. Joseph, W. H. Bone, A. J. McLellan, S. M. Okell, Victoria; S. Gongh, R. Smith, J. W. Galloway, Tong Chue Tom; Nanaimo; W. Hild, Sonnen; H. S. Law, Wellington, and J. Taffordale, estimator.

The Rev. R. R. Maitland was elected to the stationing committee; Rev. J. F. Betts and Mr. D. Spencer to the Sunday school committee; Rev. J. P. Hickie and Mr. R. Smith to the Epworth League committee, and Mr. J. E. McMillan to the conference missionary committee.

On motion it was decided to hold the west district meeting at Victoria in the Centennial Methodist church.

People of good taste use Odoroma for their teeth—Do you?

Corona Photos

At \$3.00 per Dozen

Is something new, so do not miss the chance, as it is only for a month.

SKENE LOWE, 63 Government Street.

AMATEUR MINSTRELS

First Performance at the Victoria Theatre Proves a Great Success.

Some Unavoidable Delays Which Will be Overcome This Evening.

Victoriaans last evening showed their appreciation of the Fifth Regiment band and the Victoria Amateur Minstrels by crowding the opera house at the performance given by the minstrels for the benefit of the band. The theatre was filled, all the seats being occupied and standing room being at a premium. The house never looked better, the usual attractions of a well-filled theatre being materially added to by some simple but very pretty decorations. Director Fine deserves a great deal of credit. He worked early and late to make the show a success, and being ably seconded by those taking part, succeeded admirably.

The first scene was the usual pyramid of melodious darkies and laugh-provoking endmen. Mr. P. S. Lampman made an excellent interlocutor, and his life was made miserable by the cuffing of Messrs. S. H. Matson, B. W. Powell and S. D. Schultz—"bones" and Gen. E. Powell, E. A. Pauline and H. A. E. Robertson, "tambourines". Their jokos were new and good and many local hits were introduced. The programme for the first edition was: "Opening overture," "The Minstrel King," "Little Ah Sid," Mr. S. D. Schultz; "I Long to Lay My Head on Mother's Knee," Mr. Jas. Angeline, Mr. George Powell; 4. A Soldier and a Man, Mr. H. Kent; 5. I Want You Ma Honey, Mr. B. W. Powell; 6. The Nigger and the Bee, Mr. W. R. Higgins; 7. When Mother Puts the Little Ones to Bed, Mr. George G. Bushby; 8. What Dye Think of O'Hoolihan, Mr. Fred. Richardson; 9. The Storm Fiend, Mr. Geo. Henwood. The Frolic of the Brownies; Town Topics, by Messrs. Geo. E. Powell and Fred Richardson; Our Quartette, Messrs. Bushby, Kent, Henwood and Kingham; Stamp Speech, Mr. W. R. Higgins; The Skirt Dance; Military Manoeuvres, and the Coon Wedding, God Save the Queen.

All the songs were well rendered and the choruses were very good. The Chinese accompaniment to Mr. Schultz's "Little Ah Sid" was a happy idea and caused lots of fun. Although suffering from a bad cold, Mr. Geo. E. Powell, maintained the character of the "dude darkie" in "Ma Angeline" to perfection. The songs of Messrs. Pilling and Kent were appropriate and received well merited encores. Messrs. Matson and B. W. Powell established reputations as comic singers.

The second edition introduced Messrs. W. R. Higgins and Fred Richardson as endmen. Two gentlemen better qualified for the position could not be found. Although they both had a good stock of fresh gags they hardly needed them; for "their fortune is in their faces." "The Nigger and the Bee" by Mr. Higgins, and "What Dye Think of O'Hoolihan," by Mr. Richardson brought down the house in turn. Mr. Geo. Bushby's solo "When Mother Puts Her Little Ones to Bed" and the "Storm Fiend," by Mr. George Henwood, were well rendered, the chorus to the former being very pretty.

The first part was brought to a close with "the Brownies' frolics," executed by Masters Arthur Proctor, Harry Proctor, Celi Janson, Allan Janson, Robert Brown, John Brown, Robert E. Powell and Sidney H. Powell. This was one of the best parts of the show, its only fault being its shortness.

"Town Topics" the opening sketch of the second part, gave Messrs. Geo. Powell and Sam Matson an opportunity to introduce some pointed local hits.

The singing of the minstrel quartette, Messrs. Bushby, Henwood, Kent and Kingham, was greatly appreciated by the large audience and the applause was well merited.

There came that very pretty skit which was the gem of last year's show. The fance was well executed, and to add to its attractiveness the performers were well costumed, so well in fact that a gentleman present, who boasts of his splendid eyesight could not be convinced that the dancers were men and not a bevy of charming girls imported for the occasion. The prima-dansante was Miss Frederica Richardson, who was supported by Miles Georgie Powell, Harriette Austin, Henrietta Howard, Bertie Powell, Wilhelmina Carmichael, and Gandy Goward.

The military manœuvres illustrating sword and bayonet drills and fancy

manœuvres.

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To Save Money . . .

marches by a squad from the Fifth Regiment under Sergt.-Major Mulcahy were well executed.

On account of the lateness of the hour, there having been unavoidable delays, the "Coon Wedding" had to be dropped, but Messrs. F. Richardson, Geo. Powell, Geo. Bushby and H. Howard gave a song and dance which was a sample of what the "Coon Wedding" will be like this evening. Things will no doubt run smoother to-night, when another bumper house is assured.

The music for the performance was rendered by the Victoria Amateur Minstrels orchestra under the direction of Prof. A. Friendt. The members of the chorus were: First tenors: Messrs. Thomas, Bushby, Pilling, Mallard, Higgins, Baker; second tenors: Messrs. Schulz, Hibben, White, Howard, Ans. Goward, Janion, Sherburne; baritones: Messrs. Kent, Munro, Vigor, Wilkerson, Robertson; bassos: Messrs. Schi, Henwood, Greenwood, Olivier, Williams, Muir, Wollaston; masters of properties: Messrs. A. J. Dallas and W. J. Barnes.

This evening's performance will commence at 8:20 sharp, and there will be a complete change of programme. Some of the parts in which there were nitches last evening will be eliminated. Carriages may be ordered for 10:45.

The following is to-night's programme: Grand first part, interlocutor, R. S. Lampman; Bones—Mr. W. R. Higgins; 7. When Mother Puts the Little Ones to Bed, Mr. George G. Bushby; 8. What Dye Think of O'Hoolihan, Mr. Fred. Richardson; 9. The Storm Fiend, Mr. Geo. Henwood. The Frolic of the Brownies; Town Topics, by Messrs. Geo. E. Powell and Fred Richardson; Our Quartette, Messrs. Bushby, Kent, Henwood and Kingham; Stamp Speech, Mr. W. R. Higgins; The Skirt Dance; Military Manœuvres, and the Coon Wedding, God Save the Queen.

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BRITISH RECRUITING.

Secretly Carried on in the U. S. During the Crimean War.

In the North American continent the spirit of adventure is strong. During the Crimean war it was an attack at the Washington legation, and as this was about forty years ago, I do not suppose that I am disclosing secrets in saying what then occurred. We received orders to recruit a force for the Crimea. This was a fad of Lord Panmore, who was then war minister.

Sir John Cranston, our minister, vainly wrote to explain that this might get us into trouble with the United States government. The only reply was an order to obey. So we did. I was sent to New York to look after the recruiting there. We had a ship in the harbor, and we found no difficulty in filling it. A recruit got \$5 per man, and the man \$5, accompanied with many promises of good things. When the ship was full it was sent to Nova Scotia, where we had as governor an elderly soldier with the reputation of being able to knock any regiment into shape. The government of the United States soon got wind of our proceedings at New York, and at Niagara, where we had a Hungarian employed to ship recruits across the border. The result was that the members of the legation at Washington and the consuls at New York and one or two other places received their passports. What particularly amused me was that the consul at New York had had nothing to do with the matter.

But we had elaborated a far grander scheme. We had found a sort of filibustering general, who had agreed to provide us with several thousand men, who were to be recruited in Texas and the adjoining Southern States. These were to be commanded by the general. The negotiations went off, because while we were prepared to give him the local rank of general in the Crimea, he insisted upon being made what he called a full general in the British army. To this we could not assent.

I never could discover what became of my New York recruits. They were landed in Nova Scotia, and shortly after the governor telegraphed that they had rebelled, and that he was going to take steps to reduce them to a fitting state of discipline. This was the last heard of them.

The governor was something of a dunderhead man. We wanted (I forget why) to have a ship sent from Nova Scotia to Jamaica. We had a cipher dictionary, but I could not find the word Jamaica in it, so I telegraphed to ask where the ship was to go; again and again I telephoned him back, referring to the code words for "jam" and "ace". Finally we had to send a messenger with a letter.—London Times.

WHERE THE HIGHLANDS BEGIN.

The Highland line may be said at its southern end to commence at Loch Lomond, in the ancient cradle of Lennox (says the Glasgow Herald) where the pass of Balmaha, between the loch and the commencement of the mountain region, leads into the district of which the loch is the centre. The line then enters the cradle of Montalb, and crosses the Forth, here called the Avon duck, at Aberfoyle, and proceeds from thence to Callander, where the pass on the north side of Loch Vennachar leads into the district formerly called Strathgartney, and the Pass of Leny forms the entrance to Strathire and to the district of Balquhidder. From Callander the line follows the range of the Grampians, through the cradle of Strathertrope, and crosses the Eam at Crieff and the Almond at Linlithgow (Lynedoch), where passes lead to the upper part of the Vale of Earn and to Glenalmond respectively. From thence it follows the line of the Grampians to Dunkeld, where the King's Pass forms the entrance to Strathert, and through the district of Stornoway in Gowrie, to Blairgowrie, where the passes lead into the district of Strathardell. From thence it follows the line of the Grampians till it crosses the Isla northwest of Alyth, and enters the cradle of Angus, where the minor range of hills forming the east side of Glenisla coincides with the line till it reaches the great chain of the Mounth and Brae of the Grampians at Cairn Baanach. There it enters the cradle of Ayr, and proceeds along the west side of Glenmuich to the Dee at Bapster, where the pass of Bellator leads into the basins of Strathardell and the forest of Braemar. North of these districts it includes likewise the district of Strathdon, crossing the river Don at the foot of Forbes, whence it proceeds to the river Spey at Craigellachie, including the district of Strathduth, and here a pass leads into the district of Strathspey and separating the mountain region of the Cairdoun of Moray from the level plains forming the southern seaboard of Moray Firth. It terminates at the mouth of the river Nairn, which flows through the town of Nairn, and formerly separated the Gaelic speaking people on its left bank from the Lowland population on the right. The Highland line thus intersects the old Earldoms of Lennox, Montalb, Strathert, Gowrie, Angus, Mar, Buchan and Moray, which represented the older great Celtic tribes of Mortain, governed by their Bt. Moray, Ath or Mormaer, and the portion of each earldom included in the Highland line consisted of that part which contained the Gaelic speaking people, while the rest of it became more or less colonized by foreign settlers.

Your Physical Condition.

Needs attention at this time. If you are tired, weak and nervous, it is clear that your blood is impure, and without doubt there has been too much over-work or strain on brain and body. The course of treatment for such a condition is plain and simple. The blood must first be purified so that the nervous system, and in fact all the organs will be fed upon pure blood. Intelligent people without number have testified that the best blood purifier, nerve tonic and strength imparting medicine is Hood's Saraparilla. Nervousness, loss of sleep and general debility all vanish when Hood's Saraparilla is persistently taken. In a word, health and happiness follow after taking Hood's Saraparilla.

Another large shipment of seed furniture and baby carriages just received by Weller Bros.

A GREAT FRENCH LAWYER'S TRICK.

Maitre Lachand, the famous advocate, was perhaps the greatest master of comedy in France, and not a few eminent actors envied him his marvelous powers of mimicry.

He was once employed to defend a murderer against whom the facts were hopelessly clear. When his pathetic appeals and his tears—which were always at call when he pleaded before a jury—failed to touch his stolid audience, he resorted to the most impudent pieces of trickery.

Thrusting his moistened white handkerchief into his pocket, he demanded if the jurors were men, if they had human hearts, if they could bring themselves to condemn a fellow-man like the accused, whom he had exalted with all sorts of chivalrous, if not saintly merits. His eloquence was not merely fruitless, but the jury responded to it at first with uneasy smiling, then with biting lips, and finally with a loud and uncontrollable burst-of-laughter.

Lachand, while flinging about his hands, had intentionally dipped his fingers into the great red pot in front of him, and, as he drew his right hand across his forehead, as in agony of despair at the certain fate of the accused, he left upon his brow an enormous black mark like a crescent moon. And drew other black traces down his cheeks, as to put his fingers to his eyes to dash away the tears.

Piquing high moral indignation at their conduct, he continued:

"You are about to decide whether one of your fellow-men shall be thrust by you out of the ranks of the living and you choose such a moment for indulging in execrable and thoughtless laughter. Is this extravagant mirth a fitting mood in which to decide whether a man shall or shall not die?"

The argument actually told upon the jury. The man was acquitted. Tit-Bits.

THE FASTEST SHIP AFLOAT.

This is an age of record breaking; and record breaking for its own sake too. The wish to have the biggest, tallest, fastest, most costly something or other "in the world" is a far more potent factor in modern progress in which to decide whether a man shall or shall not die?"

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CURE SICK HEAD

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Sides &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

British Columbia.

FAIRVIEW. Midway Advance.

On Tuesday last Fairview received us visitors Mr. M. P. Morris, Canadian consul at Vancouver, and E. P. Stanley, mining engineer, of the same place. Mr. Morris, who represents old country capital, was desirous of making an investment in some of the properties to be found in Fairview, but whether he succeeded before he left or not, has not been ascertained.

The past week has seen Fairview thoroughly inundated with representatives of foreign capitalists, and as a result there is every reason to believe that a deal has been arranged for the purchase of some of the properties here. Further developments will be awaited with interest.

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NEW DENVER.

The Idaho still continue to produce 40 tons of ore a day.

The Promontory is working three men. Two carloads of ore will be shipped as soon as the snow will permit.

Ten Sloan miners shipped during the month of April to American smelters via Kusla 645 tons. The Lucky Boy shipped three tons to Pueblo. The Sloan Star shipped 270 tons, all of which went to Pueblo.

Angus McMillan and John Langstaff left for Tex Mine on Tuesday to do work on the Neepawa and Argenta. The tunnel on the Neepawa is in 30 feet. The ledge will be crossed when the tunnel is run 20 feet more.

The California, a valuable property within sight of New Denver, will probably be worked this summer. It is owned by Marino, McDonald, Marks and Van Houten, the latter a senator from Seattle.

On Ten Mile creek, and about six miles from the lake are situated the Dalhousie, Whycocomagh, Glad Tidings, Sawyer and Silver Joe mining claims. They are owned by Alexander Ferguson, Murdoch McLean, Andrew Tonks, J. Q. McKinnon, N. Anglinson and Joe Pelosi. The first two mentioned claims were bonded on Saturday to R. Marpole for \$27,500, of this amount \$400 was paid down, and the next payment of ten per cent. on 15 or as soon as work commences. The other payments will fall due next October and May. Some of the assays from the Dalhousie show 618 ounces in silver, while the sulphurites have given 9000 ounces to the ton. The ledge is from two to four feet in width.

MIDWAY. Midway Advance.

Both at Greenwood and Annacinda a great deal of building is going on.

W. Powers staked out a mill site on Boundary creek last week.

Mr. Tate, a C. P. R. engineer, is again in the district—a significant fact. John Christie has sunk a thirty-foot shaft on the Nightingale, with satisfactory results. On the Mountain Lion the shaft is down ten feet.

K. King and T. Clark have located two iron caps, each on either side of the line. The claim on the British side is at Spragg's ranch near Carson Col. John Weir and Mr. Keefer, who rank among the most prominent miners in the United States, are staying at Boundary Falls. Some important deals are now pending.

A fine line of gauze has been found in the vicinity of Christina lake. Prospectors are flocking in there daily, a party of 27 arriving there from Rossland last Tuesday.

Mr. George Powell and his partner had a good thing in their claim on Kruger mountain, and are vigorously pushing development work.

Mr. D. A. Carmichael is carrying on development work on his claim, the Victoria, situated in Fairview camp. The property is looking well.

It is said that between three and five thousand men are prospecting on the Cofrille reservation. The locations so far are chiefly placer. This is because the snow is still on the hills and the quartz leads are still covered.

After drifting 112 feet on the Gold Drop, a shaft is now being sunk. The mine is located about one thousand feet the site that is on the dump shows many fine specimens and there can be no doubt but that the bond will be lifted.

The acreage under crop this year at the Prairie is nearly double that of last.

The ranchers expect, with good reason, that even under these circumstances, they will not be able to cope with the increased demand for farm produce.

At present, owing to the gradual thawing of snow and ice, the main trunk road to the west of Camp McKinney for about ten miles, is in a frightful condition, and extremely difficult to freight over. Those accustomed to the roads of old days claim that every spring will see a repetition of the same state of affairs until the government make an appropriation towards destroying the cost of raising the road bed. A matter that should have received attention this summer.

Mr. DeGoye has bought a quarter interest in the Birdina, Camp Carson. He has also bonded the Double E, Bunch Grass and Lady Franklin lodes. Work is to commence at once on the Birdina. These properties are free-milling quartz propositions, and if they prove, after development, as good as the indications on the surface would tend to promise and the bond is taken up, a stamp mill will be brought in, probably this summer.

A party of sixteen men have located a number of claims adjoining one another in the vicinity of Deadman's creek. They intend to work the properties on a co-operative plan. Captain Hargrave, a member of the party, who was in Midway last week, said the showing on the creek was remarkable, and the locators are very hopeful that they may have made a rich find.

The men working on the Volcanic have made a rich strike about 800 feet above the original tunnel. An immense ledge has been found with rock running from \$600 to \$700. There can be

no doubt but that the Volcanic will one day be a great mine.

One of the most important deals so far made in the history of the camp is the sale of the Skylark and Denver to the Lexington Mining Company, represented by Mr. Keeler, was consummated last Thursday. The Skylark belongs to the class of high-grade propositions, and has already, under adverse conditions, proved to be a good mine. The claim was located on the 20th of July, 1886, by J. Atwood. Later on it was leased to A. N. Symonds, J. Wallace and R. N. McCarron, who sank two shafts, one 50 and the other 10 feet deep. They made one shipment of ore which ran to the value of \$158 to the ton. The lease expired in February, 1884. The mine was then worked by the owners, and in spite of the expenses of shipment, the ore being carried on pack horses to Marcus at a cost of \$30 per ton, the Skylark more than paid for its development. The course of the vein is north and south, with a dip of 45 degrees to the east. The ore chute has been traced on the surface for 400 feet. The Lexington Mining Company is both wealthy and enterprising, and it may therefore be safely predicted that the Skylark will be worked for all it is worth.

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A scheme is being mooted in this city by Mr. John Heaverty, recently of Wimenez, to establish a smelter at this point.

Mr. J. J. Hull indignantly denies the imputation that the claim recorded by him last week, under the name of I. N. L. was "jumped" from Mr. J. T. McKinnon. He explains that the time for recording it had expired and that this fact was well-known to the original locator.

One of the most serious fires that the city has yet experienced occurred on Wednesday evening of last week, when the house of Mr. A. D. Worgan, situated on the corner of Tronson and Seventh streets, was burned to the ground.

Work on the "Close Call" mineral claim on the west side of Okanagan lake in being vigorously pushed forward by the owner, Mr. A. N. Kelly. The shaft is now down about fifteen feet and the rock looks more promising every day. A recent assay gave about \$17 in free-milling gold.

Over twenty young pigs have this spring fallen victim to a bear, which almost nightly visits the Coldstream ranch. On Monday night brain gratified his taste for succulent young porkers by slaughtering ten sucklings and badly wounding the mother.

Messrs. W. J. Armstrong and Alex. McDowell returned on Saturday from a trip to the Boundary creek and Kettle river mining camps. They were very much pleased with the prospects of the country, and feel confident that an immense amount of mining development will take place during the next few months, and that a mining boom equal to anything that has taken place in the Kootenay districts will speedily ensue.

During the past week the following mineral claims have been recorded at the Vernon office—Mascot—I. Simons, R. R. Venner, C. J. H. Booth, E. C. Simmons, between Siwash, and Six Mile creeks; Queen of the May—C. S. Galloway, 1 mile west of Vernon; Black Prince—Jonas Foster, 20 miles south of Kelowna; Leviathan—J. J. McKinnon, Beck creek.

The directors of the Agricultural Association have completed their work on the prize list for the fall show, and the prizes will be very liberal in every department. No pains will be spared to make the fair the most successful ever held in this district, and the directors feel confident that the show of 1896 will eclipse any previous effort of the society. The dates have been fixed for the 12th and 13th of October.

R. J. Gibb, the young man who caused the dynamite scare on the steamer Aberdeen, was prosecuted by the company. He pleaded guilty to the charge of taking explosives on board the boat, but stated that he was ignorant of the law. Judge Spinks fined him \$25, giving him the benefit of his plea of ignorance.

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Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

DAY'S SHIPPING NEWS

C. P. N. Company's Steamer Tew Started To-Day on Her Trip to Victoria.

Bark Richard III to Take a Cargo of Coal and Lumber to Alaska.

Messrs. R. P. Ritter & Co., in their monthly freight and shipping circular, report the month of April a quiet one, "with grain chartering decidedly dull, as owners still prefer to await the harvest rather than accept current rates for oil crop loading. The prospect of the coming crop are improving and rates are strengthened accordingly. The demand for lumber tonnage continues to widen, although freights remain at about the same level and one or two charters are reported for rather unusual destinations. The vessels now arriving are mostly chartered. The usual enquiry at this season for vessels for salmon cargo has resulted in four fixings for England. The rates are understood to be 35s. from this port, and 37s. 6d. from the Fraser river."

During the past few days five Indian sealing schooners returned to Port Townsend from the West Coast. Their catches are as follows: Puritan, 24 skins; C. G. Perkins, 39; Jessie, 40; Deceit, 80; and James G. Swan, 120. The Indians account for the smallness of these catches by claiming that the weather was so rough that it was impossible for them to get more than 23 miles off shore at any time, consequently the best sealing grounds were not visited by them. The skins are all prime ones, however, and the Indians appear satisfied with their season's work.

The bark Richard III. has been chartered by the North American Commercial Company to carry a cargo of coal and lumber to Alaska. The Richard III. with 1000 tons of Comox coal was yesterday towed to Seattle, where she loads lumber. Capt. James McIntyre, of the Costa Rica, will take a trip north on the vessel.

The American bark Empire, 1070 tons, Capt. Kruse, has finished loading lumber at Moodyville, for Sydney, New South Wales. She has a cargo of 1717 tons measurement, valued at \$5,519, consisting of 16,808 feet of dressed lumber and 708,310 feet of rough lumber and 425,610 laths.

A cablegram from London announces that the steamer Tew recently purchased by the C. P. N. Co. for the West Coast route, left to-day for Victoria.

The British ship Earl Dunsmore arrived at Port Townsend from Melbourne, Australia, without a consular bill of health, and is subject to a fine of \$5000.

The C. P. N. Co.'s steamer Maude Captain Roberts, and the steamer Missich, Captain Foot, will leave for the West Coast Monday evening.

The barkentine Katie Flecking, which left Puget Sound for China and which was given up at last, has arrived safely at Shanghai.

Yokohama, May 9.—Steamship Empire, press of India sailed from Yokohama for Victoria and Vancouver yesterday afternoon.

The sealing schooner Bering Sea, of the Neah Bay fleet, is in Seattle with 228 skins taken off Cape Flattery.

The steamer Joan went on the marine railway, Esquimalt, yesterday, for her annual overhauling.

Schooners Dove, Steward and Fisher, both are undergoing necessary repairs on Tupper's ways.

THE CASE OF LOUIS STERN.

Many Sharp Practices Noticeable in the Diplomatic Correspondence.

Washington, May 9.—Some special correspondence passed last summer between Secretary Olney and the German ambassador at Washington City, Baron Thielmann, growing out of the harsh treatment accorded to a New York business man, Louis Stern, by the Bavarian authorities, and, while the case was not of great importance, it seemed for a time to put a strain on the relations all around. As was shown at the time, Mr. Stern was at Kissingen and resented what he regarded as insouciance exhibited by a petty official of the Kissingen baths, and was arrested therefor, sentenced to two weeks' imprisonment and fined 600 marks. The case was terminated by the forfeiture of the excessive bail of 80,000 marks exacted from Mr. Stern by the Bavarian government and the refusal of Mr. Stern to return to Germany to serve his sentence.

From the beginning the state department exerted itself with great vigor, first, to insure justice to Mr. Stern, and after the sentence to secure clemency for him. In the course of the latter attempt Secretary Olney addressed a note to Baron Thielmann, the German ambassador here, in which he said that the proceedings against Stern seem to have been gratuitous and undeservedly severe from the beginning, in the imposition of the excessive bail, that the final sentence, which added to the fine the humiliation of personal imprisonment. From the latter Mr. Olney held

Stern should be relieved, and in no possible view of his case was any such chicanery justified. Mr. Olney received the following note from the ambassador, dated Lenox, Mass., October 1, last:

"Mr. Secretary of State: I have the honor to respectfully acknowledge the receipt of your note, No. 42, of Sept. 26th ult., with regard to the case of the American citizen, Louis Stern, at Kissingen. In reply to the words contained in your note, I hasten to say that I reject as highly unjustified your excellency's criticism of the justice of the Stern case at Kissingen. Especially must I decline to see the administration of justice within a state of the German Federal Union, and the right of partition which belongs to the princes of the German Federal Union, discussed in this way and treated in the form of a diplomatic claim. So far as the United States government desires to approach the government of his majesty, the German Emperor, in this matter, touching one of its citizens, it must be left to it (the United States government) to make such approach through the U. S. ambassador at Berlin, Thielmann."

Said Secretary Olney in reply: "It remains to notice the suggestion, expressed with quite unnecessary curtness, that a diplomatic claim was involved, which, therefore, should have been presented to the imperial government through the United States ambassador at Berlin. This proposition would not bear examination, unless, indeed, as is wholly improbable, the powers of the representative of the government at this capital are subject to novel and unknown limitations."

The correspondence closed in this personal feature with a note from the German ambassador formally stating that the imperial government receives complaints and suggestions from friendly governments only when they are presented by the diplomatic representatives of such governments accredited to it.

SOME NOTABLE SPENDTHRIFTS.

Abingdon Baird, Ernest Benson, and the Marquis of Aylesbury.

We have heard a very great deal about misers and their thriftiness, and it may not be uninteresting to hear something interesting concerning the great "plungers" and their spendthriftiness.

The late Mr. Abingdon Baird was one of the greatest spendthrifts of modern times, and his attempts to dissipate his fortune, which amounted to over £250,000 a year, were many, and display an inventive genius which should baffle his fortune in another capacity. He cast his money about right and left, and it is probable that if he had lived a few years longer he would have given what appeared to be his premier object in life: legitimate right to portray relief. He though nothing of making a present worth £15,000 or £20,000, and he paid £17,500 one day for a necklace of jewels which he presented to his lady of his acquaintance.

One of his many methods of making money fly was opening expensive saloons and chambres, extracting a small wine-glassful and pouring the remainder of the liquor away. One day he was impressed with the idea that his money was not going nearly fast enough to please him, and the brilliant notion of financing a theatre commanded itself to him. So he took a West-end theatre and ran it for about eight weeks, with the result—highly satisfactory to himself, no doubt—that £5,000 had slipped away. Another day he took it into his head to drop a ring, worth approximately £250, into the Thames from Waterloo bridge. Yet another day he paid £34,000 for a magnificent yacht, which he made a present to a friend, for generosity was one of his biggest and best qualities.

He was a firm friend to "the noble art of self-defense," and many a smart "swat" took place at his house at Mayfair. He reckoned that his boxing acquaintances cost him £1,500 to £2,000 a week to entertain. He died at the early age of 28, a disreputable man, for he had not quite ruined himself.

Mr. Ernest Benson, notorious as the Jubilee "Plunger," was more successful than the last named gentleman, since he managed to ruin himself absolutely, running through a fortune of £250,000 in the record time of two years. Though quite young he displayed remarkable talents for extravagance. Cards and horses were his friends to him—the kind of friends he would wish to be freed from. He sat down to cards one evening and lost at the rate of £1,000 a minute for ten consecutive minutes. Another game of cards, played with some boorish companions, with whom he was down at Goodwood for the races, cost this rash young man no less than £20,000; losses of such sums as £5,000 and £6,000 were deemed the merest bagatelle by him.

He had a brilliant day at another race meeting, losing £15,000 in the lay over the races, and £12,000 further in the evening at cards. He bought a black pearl pin for £700 one morning, and, as his taste for such things had changed meanwhile, gave it away in the afternoon. Now he regrets that he was born so lavish.

The late Marquis of Aylesbury was as successful a plunger as "The Jubilee Plunger," for he ran through his fortune, which brought him in £6,000 per annum, in seven years, and at the end of that time found himself living upon the charity of the gentleman who had been his own agent.—London Times.

Trout rods and flies, see our fine stock at Fox's, 78 Govt. St.

ROYAL Baking Powder.
Highest of all in leavening strength.—U. S. Government Report.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

Events of Interest in the Amateur and Professional Field.

BASEBALL.

AMITIES VS. WELLINGTON.

A large crowd witnessed the game at the Caledonia Park this afternoon. The game was a fast one, both sides playing good ball. At four o'clock five innnings were played and the score stood Amities 1, Wellington 0.

TACOMA SHUT OUT.

Tacoma, May 9.—Victoria played great ball yesterday and more than made up for their defeat of the day before. While "Klop's chaps" piled up 10 runs in eight innnings they did not allow a single one of their opponents to cross the plate. Darby pitched a great game, and Koschus played his position behind the bat perfectly. The Victoria boys all played well, stealing no less than 12 bases. Tacoma's battery was Ferguson and Brandenburg. Following is the score by innnings:

SCORE BY INNINGS.

Victoria..... 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
Tacoma..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

SUMMARY.

Hits, off Ferguson 18; off Darby 2; Errors, Tacoma 6, Victoria 1; runs scored, Victoria 12; base hits, Darby; left on bases, Victoria 12; doubles, Whaling and Darby; bases on balls, 10; Foul balls 2; Darby 1; wild pitches, Darby 1; struck out, Ferguson 4, Darby 5; passed balls, Brandenburg 4; wild pitch, Ferguson 1. Time, 1:30. Attendance, 500.

At Portland—Rain.

THE RACE FOR THE PENNANT.

Seattle..... Won. Lost.
Victoria..... 3 1
Portland..... 2 2
Tacoma..... 1 2

YACHTING.

Toronto, May 9.—Emilias Jarvis and C. A. Brown, representatives of the Royal Canadian Yacht Club, have gone to Detroit to meet the representatives of the Lincoln Park, Chicago, Yacht Club, to fix the details of the coming race, and to receive bids from lake towns desirous of having the race.

London, May 9.—Mr. Howard Gould has remained at Southampton since his arrival in England, but is expected at the Savoy hotel to-day. He has had several trial spins in his yacht Niagara, which was put in the water last week, after having been laid up since last season's racing. The big British cutters Satanitis and Alisa are also at Southampton from the Mediterranean, preparing for the yachting season in these waters.

THE TUNE.

San Francisco, May 9.—The Bay District track will be a thing of the past after June 1. On that date contractors will commence grading the grounds which are to be filled in with sand and cut up into town-lots.

KEMPTON PARK.

London, May 9.—Mr. T. Worrell's Victor Wilde won the Jubilee stakes, Capt. Greer's Kilowatt second, Mr. H. McCalmont's, the Lombard, third, at Kempton Park to-day. Mr. Richard Croker's "Americus" was among fifteen horses which started to-day in the race for the Jubilee stakes, three thousand sovereigns, but was not placed.

THE WHEEL.

New York, May 9.—A cablegram from Paris to the American Wheelmen announces that in the first match race between Ray McDonald, a member of the American team, and the French champion, the American was defeated in both heats. His opponent was Jacqueline, one of the fastest riders in France, who has recently vanquished Jaap Eden, the Dutch champion. The American was loudly cheered as he neared the finish.

THE RING.

MORE MANLY ART.

Louisville, Ky., May 9.—Sam Rogers, of Louisville, tried to box four rounds last night with Jack McAuliffe, but was knocked out in the third round by an upper cut, and his head hit the floor so hard that he was rendered unconscious. McAuliffe and Rogers were arrested on the track.

THE KENNEL.

GOOD FOR VICTORIA.

Seattle's big dog show promises to be a great success, both in point of numbers and in blue blood. Harry Wright, of this city, has shown commendable enterprise in entering no less than 14 cocker spaniels from his well-known kennels at the willows.

THE VICTORIA STOCK EXCHANGE.

SHARE LIST.

May 9, 1896.

Name of Stock. Asked. Bid.

B.C. deb. 1824, red rib 1%.....

" 1877..... 197

B.C. in 1874, 5%..... 122

Bank of British Columbia..... 42

B.C. Corp'tn. n. Ltd..... 42

B.C. Land & Agency, Ltd.....

B.C. Water Power Co. cap.....

Can. Pacific Ry. cap..... 500 00

Can. Pacific Ry. cap..... 573 00

Gen. Gold M. Co., cap..... 15 00

O. & G. Gold M. Co., cap..... 500 000

St. Elmo Gold M. Co., cap..... 30 31 32

St. Elmo Gold M. Co., cap..... 17 18 19

St. Elmo Gold M. Co., cap..... 72 82

St. Elmo Gold M. Co., cap..... 81 82 83

Salem-Iron Mask Gold Mining Co., 79; St. Elmo Gold Mining Co., 17;

MEMBERS AND BROKERS.

Baker, E. Crow, Hutchinson, James,

Chapman, H. Dier, Ker, D. R., Kirk, O. A.,

Long, J. G., Moore, A. W., Pemberton, F. B., Prior, E. G.,

Rosen, C. H., Smith, J. H., Turner, J. H.

Hall, Thos. B., Turner, J. H.

Holland, G. A.,

Hutchinson, James, Jones, J. W.,

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